



# Next-Generation Enzymatic Therapeutics for Non-Surgical Tissue Repair

May 2026 | Nasdaq: MDWD



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NexoBrid development has been supported with federal funds from the Biomedical Advanced Research and Development Authority (BARDA), under contract HHSO100201500035C.

We maintain our books and records in U.S. dollars and prepare our financial statements in accordance with IFRS.

# MediWound Company Highlights



Multibillion dollar commercial opportunity

## NexoBrid®

Eschar removal for severe burns  
**\$17M** revenue (2025)

## EscharEx®

Debridement; facilitation of wound closure<sup>1</sup>  
Targets a **\$2.5B+** U.S. market<sup>2</sup>  
De-risked Phase 3 program  
Superior profile to \$400M+ legacy SOC<sup>3</sup>

SOC - Standard of care



Validated enzymatic technology platform

**14** successful clinical trials  
**150+** peer-reviewed publications  
Key approvals: FDA/EMA/JPN



Strategic global collaborations

Vericel, Mölnlycke, Medline, Solventum, Kaken, BARDA, DoW, Essity, B. Braun, PMI, Convatec, Coloplast, MIMEDX



Solid balance sheet with strong investor base

Cash of **\$45M**<sup>4,5</sup>  
**Runway through profitability**



cGMP sterile manufacturing facility

New facility expands capacity 6x,  
Regulatory approvals expected in 2026

1. Investigational drug 2. Primary Research, Alira Health analysis (2025) 3. 2025 annual revenue, third-party market data 4. As of March 31, 2026  
5. Up to an additional \$30M may be received from the potential exercise of Series A warrants, which expire in November 2026

# Core Platform – Enzymatic Biologics for Tissue Repair

High-barrier, proprietary manufacturing process



1  
Raw material Sourcing  
(pineapple stem)



2  
Protein  
extraction

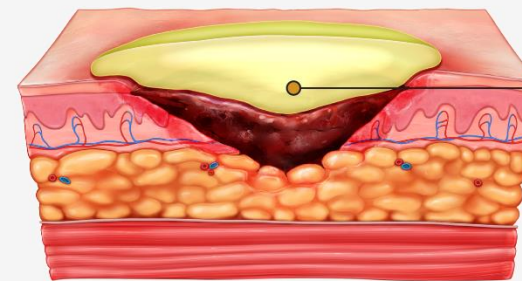
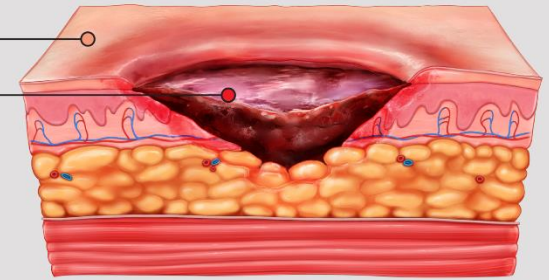


3  
Purification, enrichment,  
stabilization



4  
Complex mixture of  
proteolytic enzymes

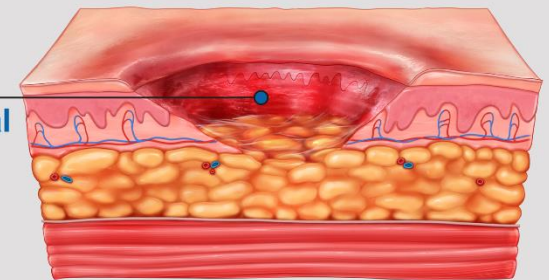
Healthy skin  
Damaged skin



Topical application of  
proteolytic enzymes



Rapid, selective, non-surgical  
removal of non-viable tissue



# Multi-Billion Dollar Portfolio

## Commercial

### NexoBrid®

Disruptive therapy for burn care



**Indication:** Eschar removal in deep partial and full-thickness thermal burns

**Classification:** Orphan biological drug

**Target users:** Hospitalized patients

**Status:** US/EU/JP approved for adult and pediatric patients

TAM<sup>1</sup> (U.S.): **\$300M**

## Pipeline

### EscharEx®

Investigational Next-Gen enzymatic therapy for wound care



**Targeted Indication:** Debridement and facilitation of wound closure for chronic/hard-to-heal wounds

**Classification:** Biological drug

**Target users:** Patients across all chronic wound care settings














**Status:** VLU – Phase 3  
DFU – Phase 2 planned H2 2026  
PU – Trial planned H2 2026

TAM<sup>2</sup> (U.S.): **\$2.5B+**

VLU - Venous leg ulcers DFU - Diabetic foot ulcers. PU - Pressure ulcers

1. Total Addressable Market: ~90% of 40,000 hospitalized burn patients require eschar removal, NexoBrid average price ~\$9,000 per patient  
2. Primary Research, Alira Health analysis (2025)

# Product Pipeline

	Indication	R&D	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Registration	Marketed
   	Adult burn eschar removal	Approved					
	Pediatric burn eschar removal	Approved					
	Battlefield burn eschar removal	DoW funded					
	Blast injuries and friction burns	BARDA funded					
        	VLU debridement & facilitation of wound closure	Interim assessment Q1 2027					
	DFU debridement & facilitation of wound closure	Grant supported (non-dilutive)					
	PU debridement	IIT					

# Multiple Near-Term Value Creating Milestones

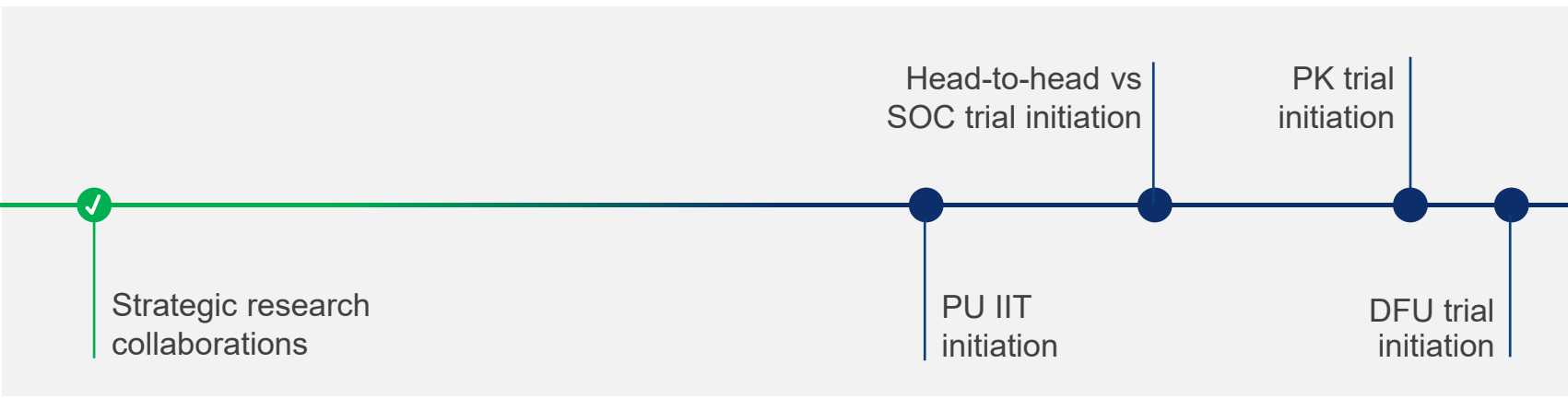
2026

2027

NexoBrid®



EscharEx®



# Financial Highlights



## BALANCE SHEET

\$45M in cash<sup>1</sup>

No debt



## REVENUE

2025 revenue of \$17M

NexoBrid<sup>®</sup> is profitable

Scale-up will potentially increase  
gross margin to 65%

\$120M+ received from BARDA

\$18M+ funded by DoW



## EQUITY

Outstanding shares: 12.9M

Fully diluted: 16.8M



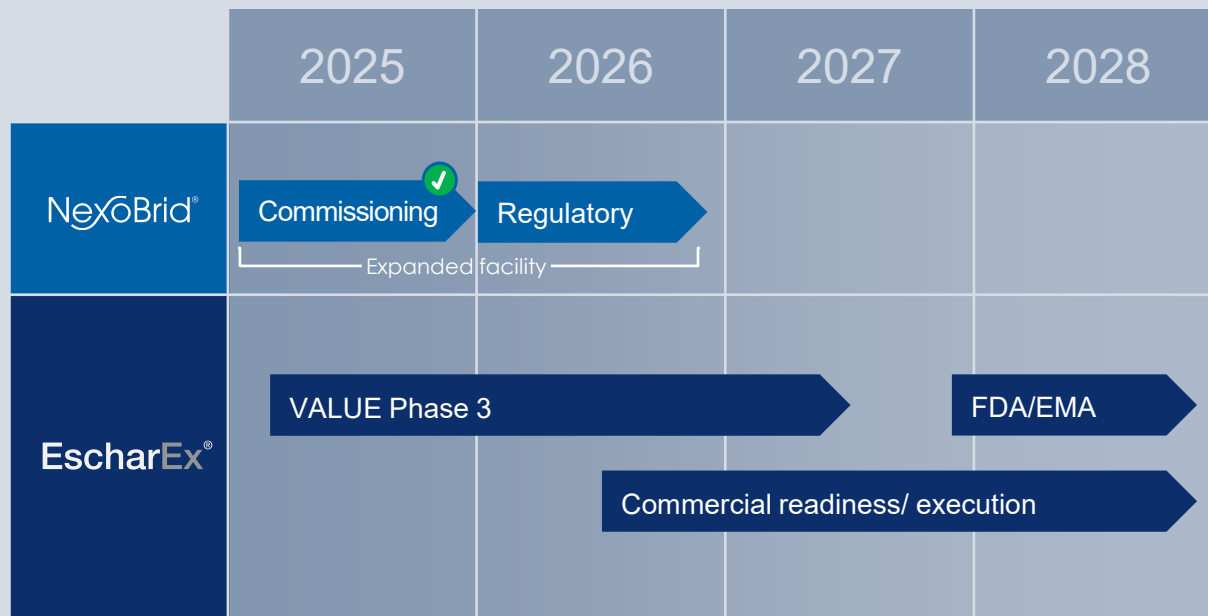
## ANALYSTS

- Josh Jennings, MD – *TD Cowen*
- Jeff Jones, Ph.D. – *Oppenheimer*
- Scott Henry, CFA – *A.G.P.*
- Swayampakula Ramakanth, Ph.D. – *H.C. Wainwright*
- Chase Knickerbocker – *Craig-Hallum*
- Jason McCarthy, Ph.D. – *Maxim*

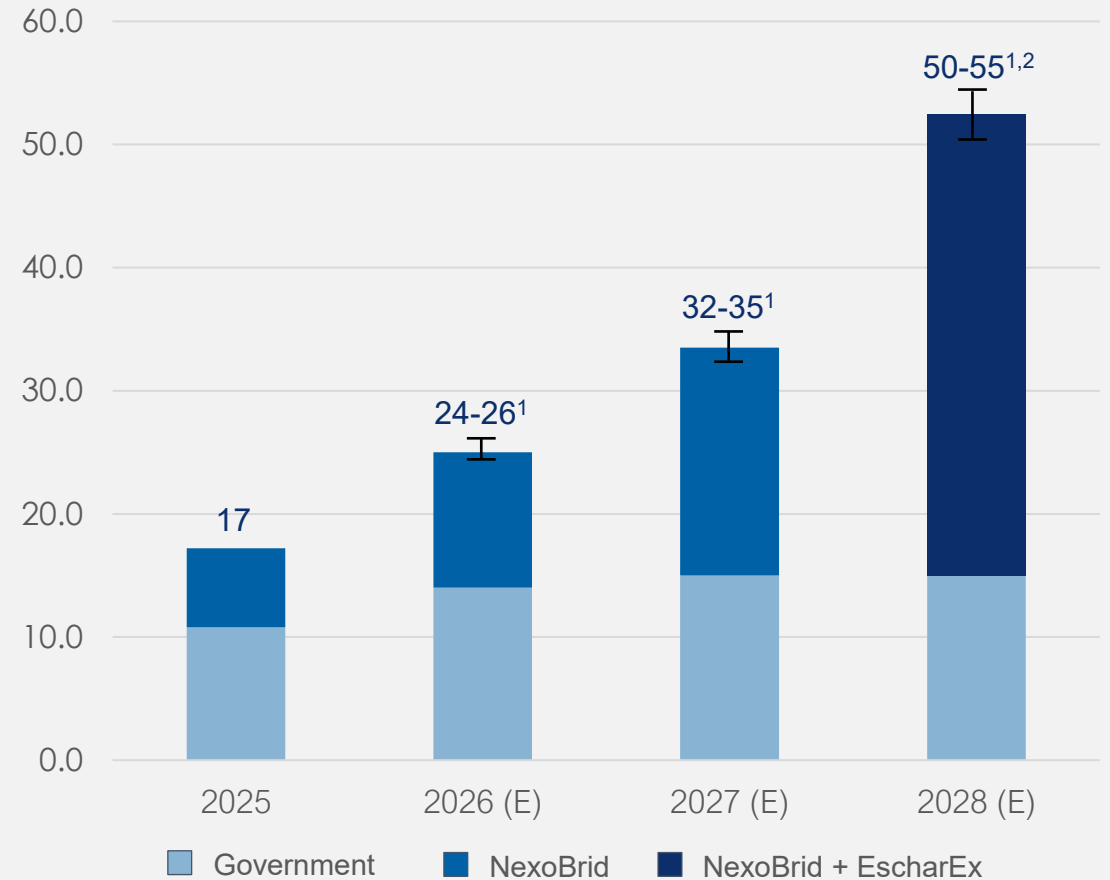
1. As of March 31, 2026; up to an additional \$30 million may be received from the potential exercise of Series A warrants, expiring in November 2026

# Projected Revenue Growth Drivers

## Execution milestones



## Target revenue (\$M)



1. Subject to regulatory approvals and continued U.S. Government funding 2. 2028 outlook includes revenue contribution related to EscharEx, subject to regulatory approval

# NexoBrid<sup>®</sup>

(8.8% concentration)

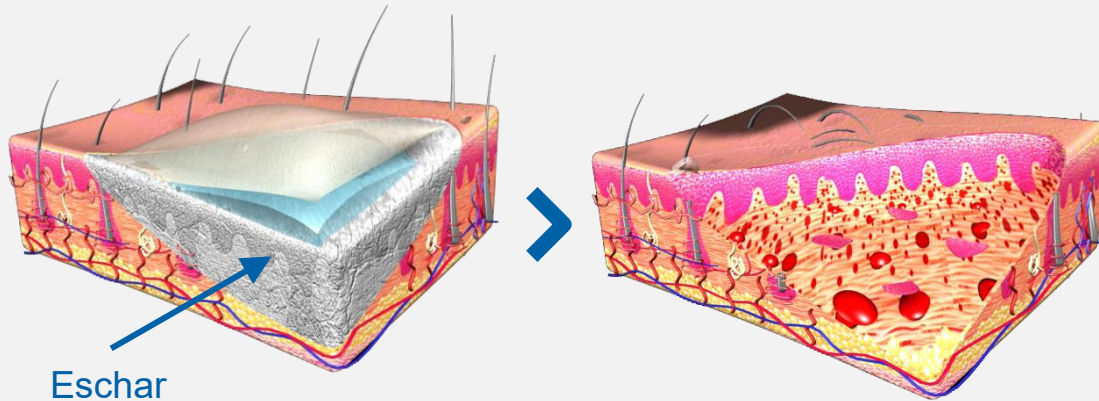
Early, effective and selective non-surgical  
eschar removal for severe burns

Validated & commercialized

Approved in 40+ countries including US, EU, JP; 16,000+ patients treated to date

# Eschar Removal - Critical First Step in Burn Care

Removal of non-viable tissue is **critical for wound healing**<sup>1</sup>

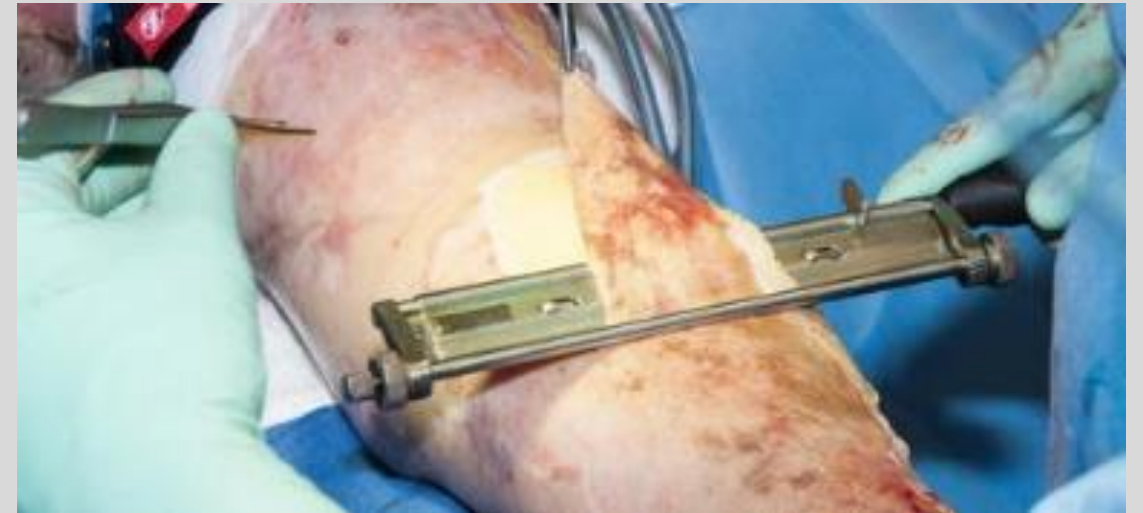


Prevents infection and sepsis

Stops deterioration and scarring

Reveals tissue for medical evaluation

Surgical removal of eschar is **traumatic & non-selective**<sup>2,3</sup>



Loss of healthy tissue and blood

Challenging in delicate areas

Requires surgical team, operating room

# NexoBrid® - Non-Surgical, Selective, Effective

**Indication:** Eschar removal of deep partial-thickness and/or full-thickness thermal burns

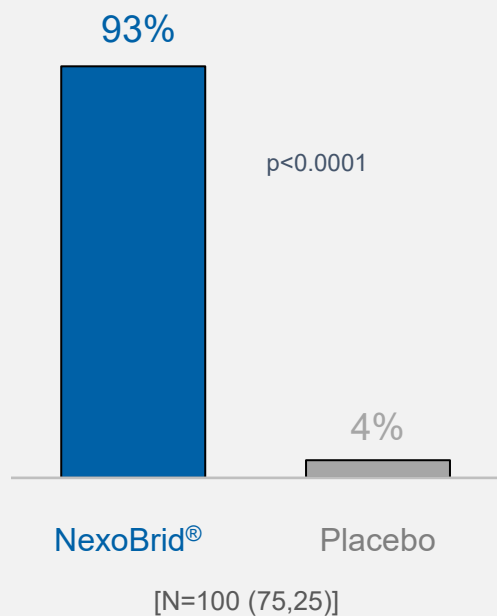
**Commercial availability:** US (Vericel), Japan (Kaken), EU (direct, and PMI)



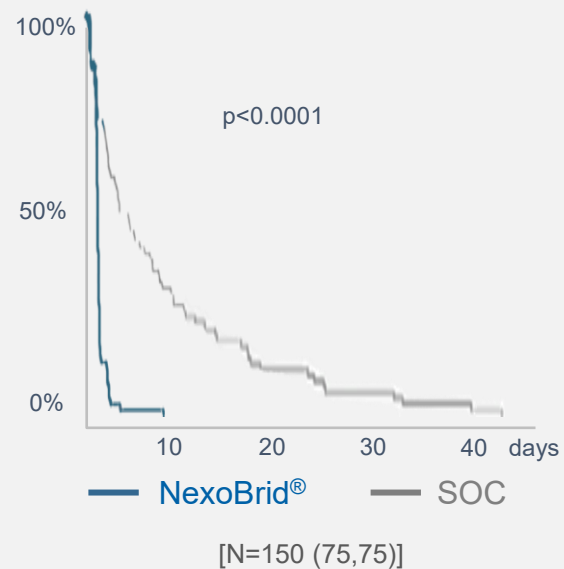
- Easy-to-use
- Topical application at patient's bedside
- Removes eschar within 4 hours
- Preserves viable tissue
- Enables visual medical assessment
- Reduces need for surgery
- Reduces blood loss
- Improves patient outcomes (scar quality and function)

# Phase 3 Studies Demonstrated Superiority Over SOC<sup>1</sup>

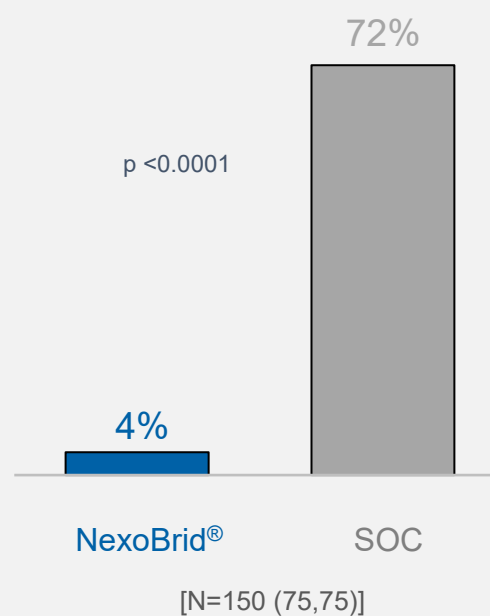
## Incidence of complete eschar removal



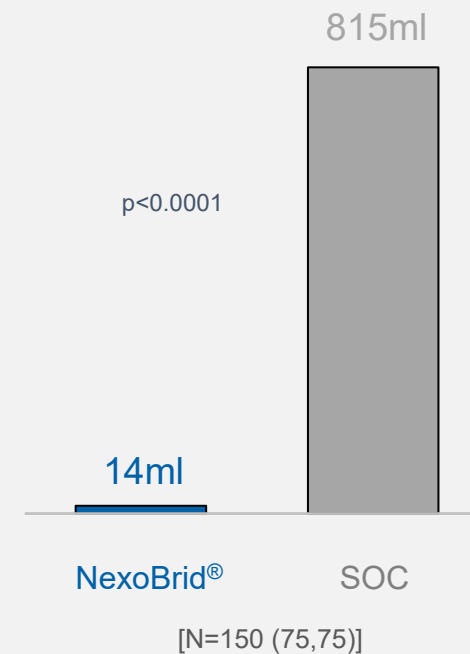
## Time to complete eschar removal



## Incidence of surgical eschar removal



## Blood loss



Safe and well-tolerated

Improved scarring and comparable wound closure

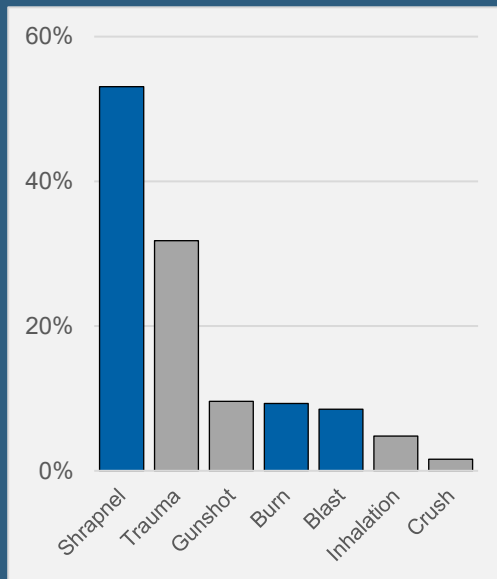
Consistent across various studies<sup>2</sup> and post-marketing data<sup>3,4</sup>

# NexoBrid® – A Strategic Asset for Mass Casualty & Conflict Response

## Real-world combat data

### Modern battlefield<sup>1</sup>

High Incidences of thermal/blast injuries

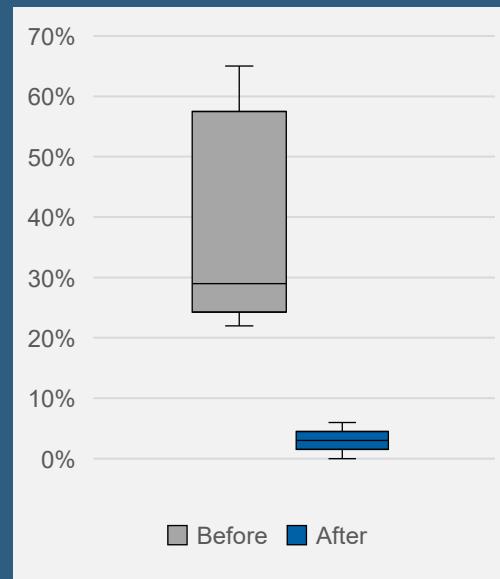


# 71%

of combat injuries treatable by NexoBrid®

### Blast/shrapnel injuries<sup>2</sup>

Embedded skin particles impede healing

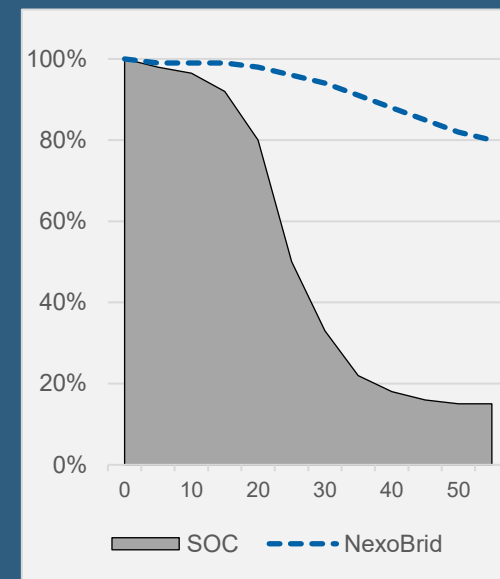


# 92.5%

of embedded particles cleared by NexoBrid®

### BMCI surge capacity<sup>3</sup>

Level of care constrained by surgical resources



# 62%

of surgeries avoided by NexoBrid®

BMCI - Burn mass casualty incident

## Governmental adoption

# 10

European countries and multinational bodies endorse NexoBrid for BMCI readiness

# 4

High profile BMCI events where NexoBrid saved lives: Switzerland, Macedonia, Romania, Israel

# \$138M

Received from BARDA & DoW to date

# \$197M

April 2026 BARDA / Vericel contract: Procurement, manufacturing and development

# EscharEx<sup>®</sup>

(5% concentration)

Next-Generation Enzymatic Debridement and Facilitation of Wound Healing for Chronic Wounds

Superior to SOC -  
aims to set a new bar for efficacy

\$2.5B+ TAM opportunity

Clinically de-risked - validated technology  
and successful Phase 2 trials

# EscharEx® Targets The Three Key Chronic Ulcer Wound Types

## VLU Venous leg ulcers



## DFU Diabetic foot ulcers



## PU Pressure ulcers



Underlying pathology

Chronic venous insufficiency

Diabetes (Type I/II)

Pressure-induced necrosis

Affected area

Lower leg or ankle

Mostly bottom of the foot

Bony prominences (heels, sacrum, hips)

Ulcer characteristics

Large, shallow ulcers  
Moderate/severe pain

Small, deep ulcers  
Varying pain levels

Large, deep ulcers  
Varying pain levels

Prevalence

2% of population age 65+  
1.5M+ new cases annually (US)<sup>1</sup>

25-34% of diabetics develop DFU  
2.2M+ new cases annually (US)<sup>1</sup>

11% of nursing home residents  
13% of hospitalized patients (higher in ICU)  
2.5M+ new cases annually (US)<sup>1</sup>

Debridement & wound bed preparation are critical first steps towards healing in all chronic wounds<sup>2</sup>

# EscharEx<sup>®</sup> Achieves Enzymatic Debridement within Days

**Target Indications:** Rapid debridement and facilitation of wound closure via wound bed preparation<sup>1</sup> for chronic and hard-to-heal wounds

**Status:** Investigational drug; **ongoing Phase 3 in VLU**, expansion to DFU & PU in H2 2026



- Debrides chronic ulcers within 4-8 daily administrations<sup>2</sup>
- Easy-to-use topical application
- Reduces bacteria and biofilm
- Facilitates wound closure (promotes granulation tissue)
- Designed for all patient settings
- Aligns with treatment workflows & reimbursement landscape  
Under the proposed LCD, CTPs are covered only if adequate debridement is documented and granulation tissue is present<sup>3</sup>

LCD - Local coverage determination CTP - Cellular and/or tissue-based products

## VLU Venous leg ulcers



## DFU Diabetic foot ulcers

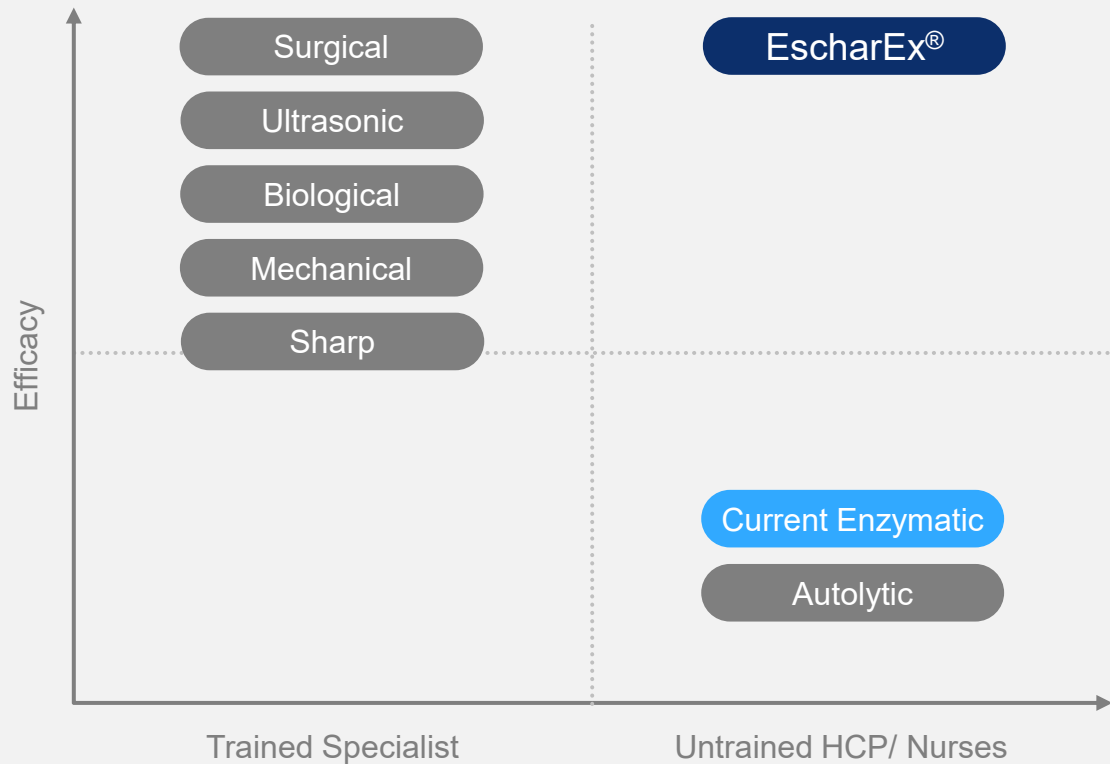


## PU Pressure ulcers

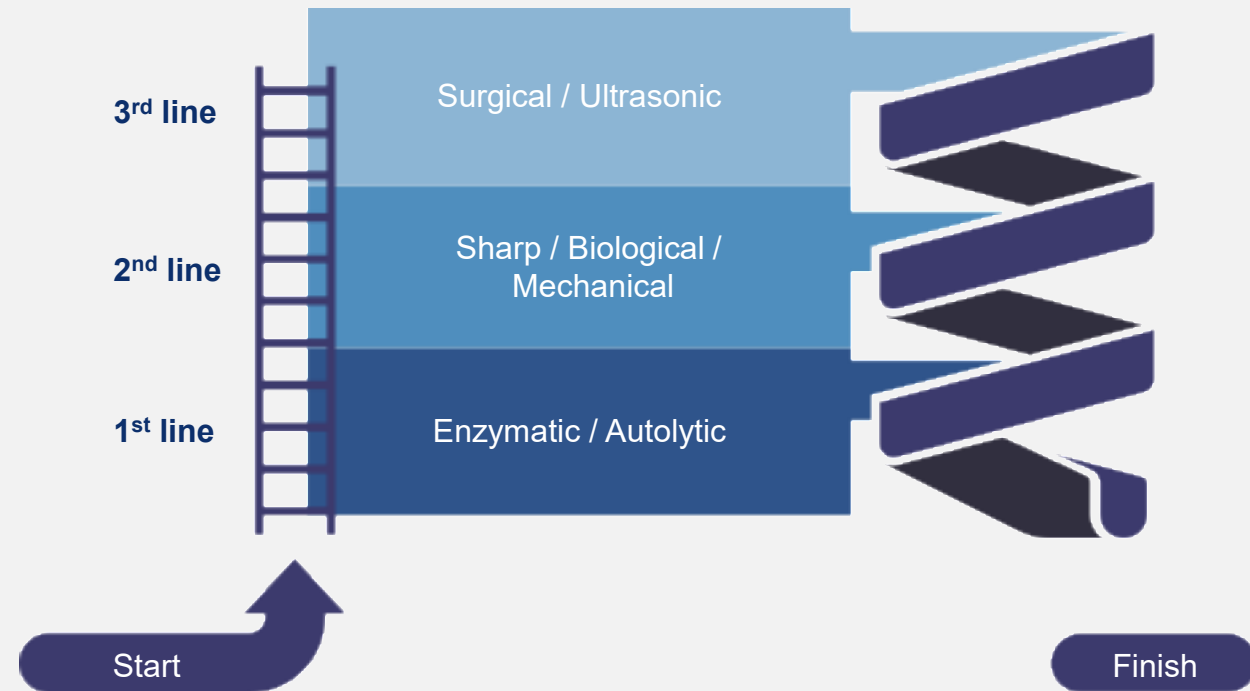


# U.S. KOL Consensus Supports a Non-Invasive First-Line Debridement Approach

Modalities: Efficacy vs. required expertise<sup>1,2</sup>

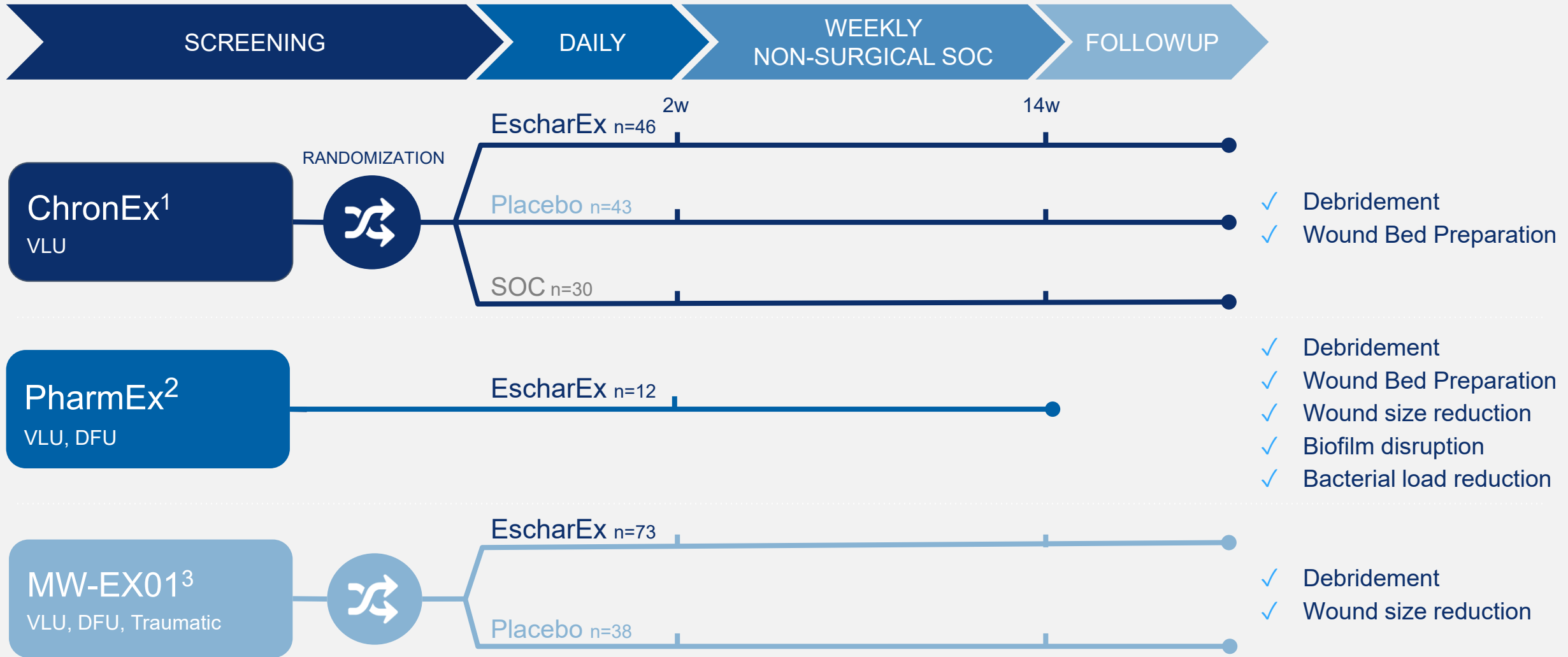


Treatment escalation pathway<sup>1</sup>

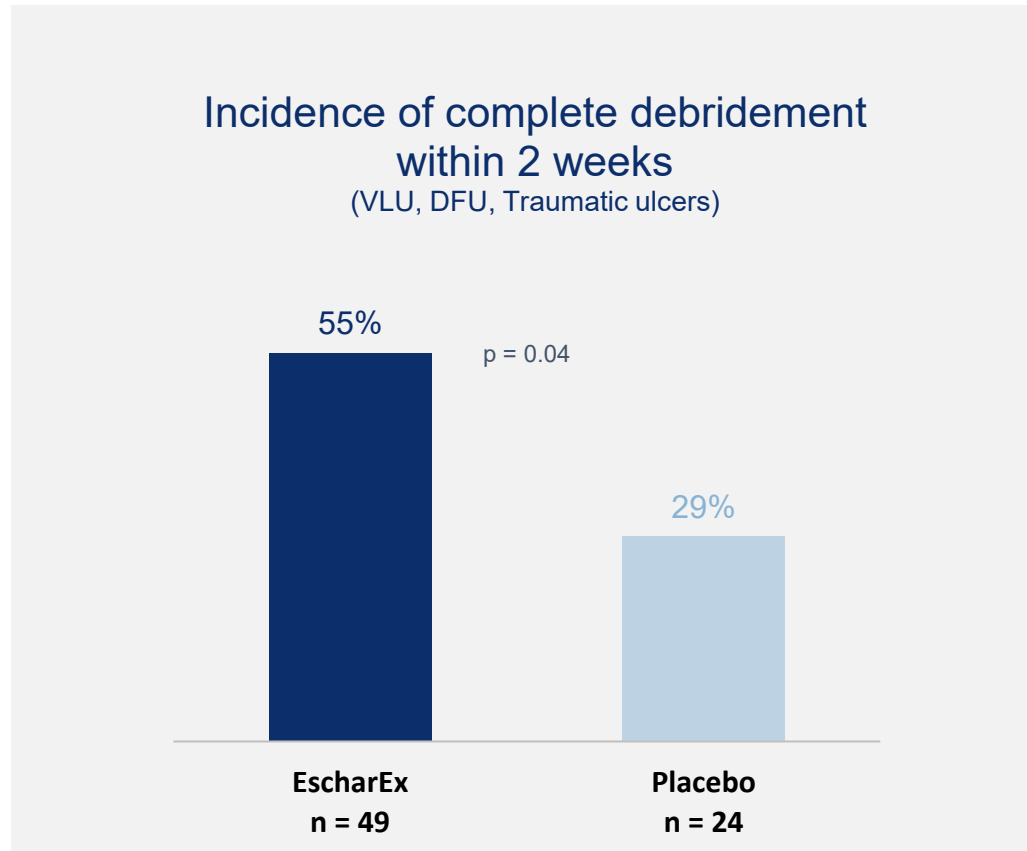


KOL – Key opinion leaders  
HCP – Healthcare professionals

# Three Phase 2 Studies Showed Robust and Consistent Results



# Phase 2 MW-EX01 Trial: EscharEx<sup>®</sup> Effective in Both VLU and DFU

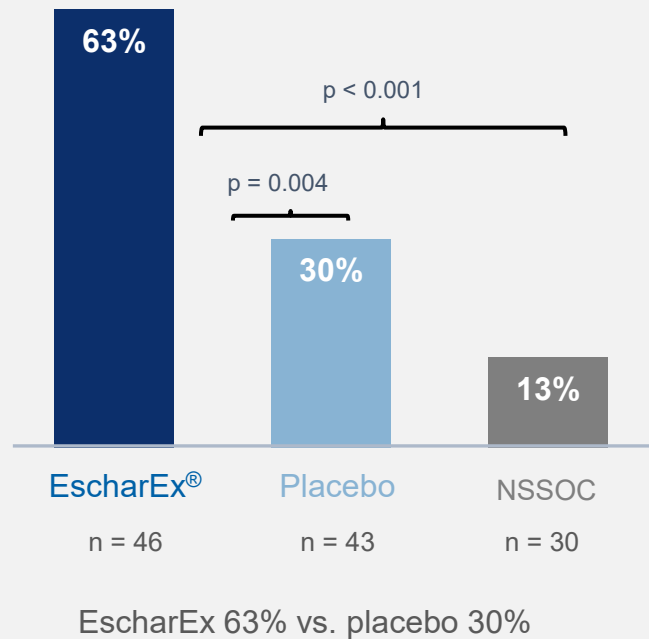


## Results<sup>1</sup>

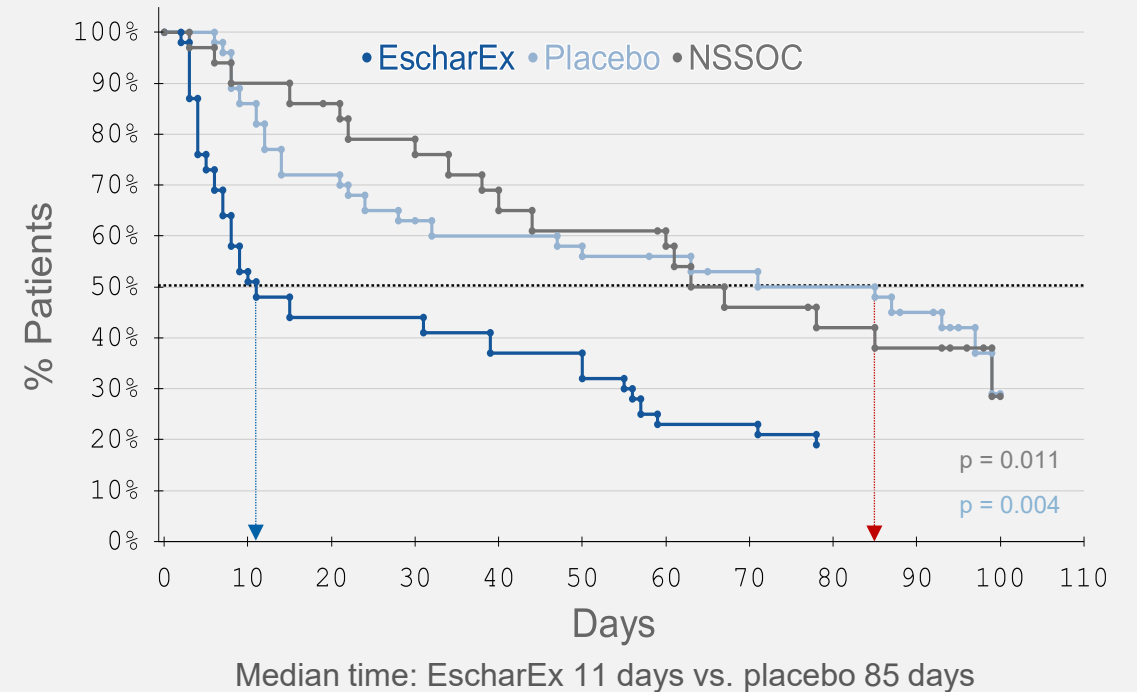
93% of the patients who completed debridement with EscharEx<sup>®</sup>, achieved full debridement within a week (4-5 daily applications)

# Phase 2 ChronEx Trial in VLU: Endpoints Significantly Met

## Complete debridement within 2 weeks (primary endpoint)



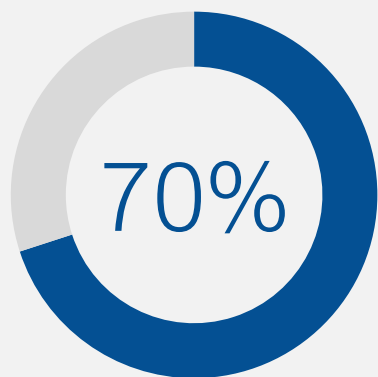
## Time to wound bed prepared (complete debridement + healthy granulation tissue)



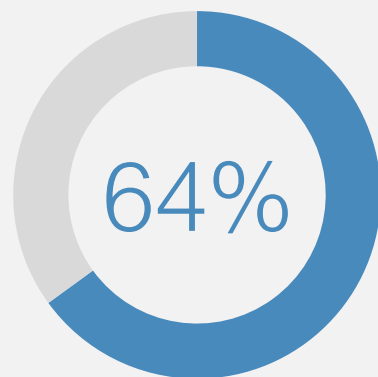
## Results

EscharEx Demonstrated to be Safe and Effective<sup>1</sup>

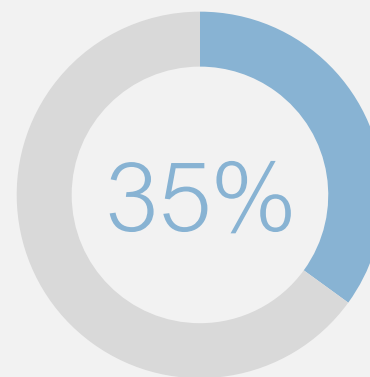
# Phase 2 PharmEx Trial: EscharEx<sup>®</sup> Surpasses Traditional Debridement



Complete debridement achieved within 8 applications (avg 3.9 applications)



Bioburden reduced by end of treatment



Wound size reduced by end of two-week follow-up



Biofilm substantially reduced for all patients positive for biofilm at baseline

## Results

Reduction in wound size, biofilm and bacterial burden in VLU and DFU<sup>1</sup>

# EscharEx<sup>®</sup> Well-Positioned to Become Market Leader

## EscharEx<sup>®</sup>



Investigational drug - Phase 3

Mixture of enzymes; multiple targets of action

Debridement, promotion of healthy granulation tissue, facilitation of wound closure, reduction of biofilm & bacteria<sup>2,3,4</sup>

1-2 weeks, daily; Monotherapy

Controlled Phase 2 trials, significant superiority over SOC<sup>4,7</sup>

Demonstrated to be safe and well-tolerated<sup>2,3,4</sup>

## SANTYL



Approved in 1965; \$400M+ annual revenues (2025)  
Existing reimbursement code<sup>1</sup>

Collagenase; single target of action

Debridement<sup>5</sup>

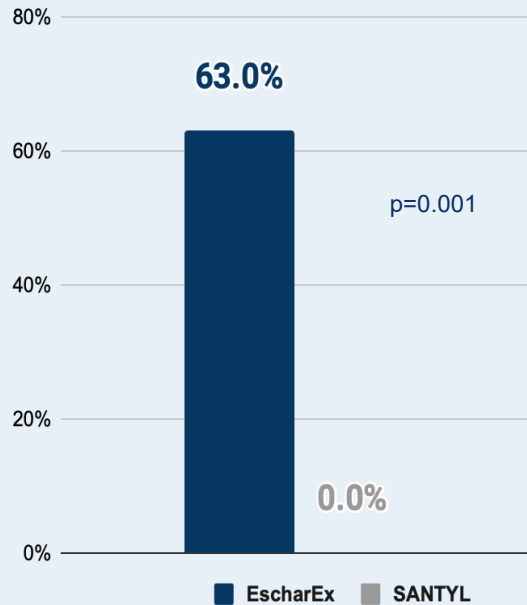
4-8+ weeks, daily; typically coupled with sharp debridement<sup>6</sup>

“Lack of RCTs with adequate methodological quality”<sup>8</sup>

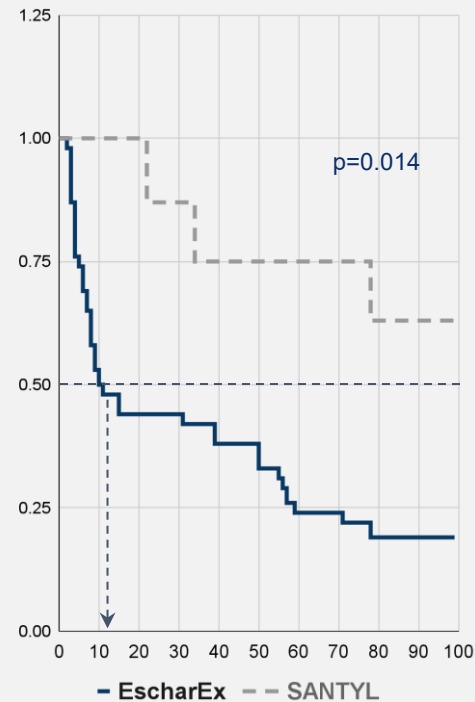
Demonstrated to be safe and well-tolerated

# Head-to-Head Data Shows EscharEx<sup>®</sup> Superiority vs. SANTYL<sup>1</sup>

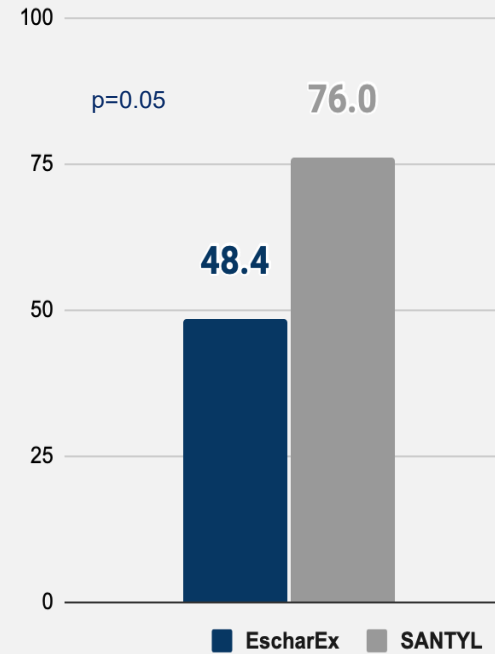
## Incidence of complete debridement in 2 weeks



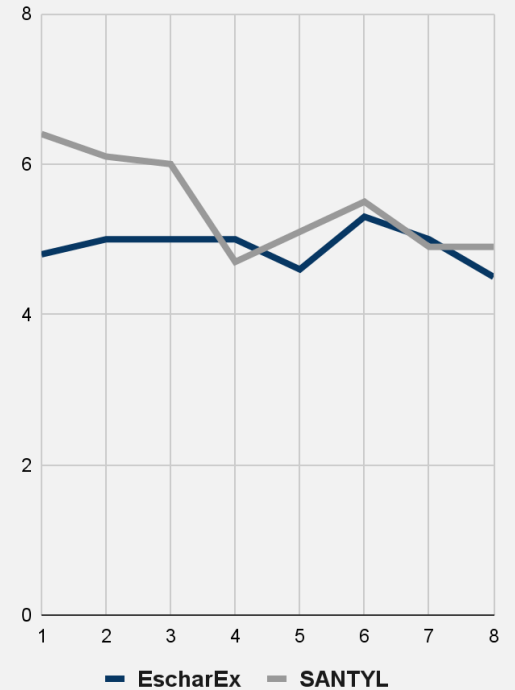
## Time to achieve WBP



## Time to wound closure



## Patient-reported pain



## STUDY OBJECTIVES

Assess safety and efficacy of EscharEx compared to placebo in VLU patients



## STUDY DESIGN

A global (US, EU, ROW), randomized, double blind, adaptive design study in VLU patients

**Two arms:** EscharEx vs. placebo, 1:1 ratio

**Sample size:** 216 VLU patients

### Study design:

- Up to 8 applications over 2 weeks, followed by 12 weeks of standardized wound management
- Advanced wound closure (CTP/ Autograft) for patients reaching wound bed prepared (WBP)
- 3-month patient follow-up

### Collaborations:

Essity, Solventum, Mölnlycke, MIMEDX

Pre-defined interim sample size assessment:  
Performed after 65% of patients completed the 12-weeks wound management period



## ENDPOINTS

### Co-Primary:

Incidence of complete debridement

Facilitation of wound closure

### Secondary:

Incidence of complete healthy granulation tissue

Time to complete debridement

Time to wound bed prepared

Incidence of complete wound closure

### Safety:

Safety & tolerability, ECG, Change in pain,

Wound infection rates, Immunogenicity

## STUDY OBJECTIVES

Assess safety and efficacy of EscharEx compared to placebo in DFU patients



## STUDY DESIGN

A multicenter, prospective, randomized, double blind, adaptive design study in DFU patients

**Two arms:** EscharEx vs. placebo, 1:1 ratio

**Sample size:** 50 DFU patients

### Study design:

- Up to 8 applications over 2 weeks, followed by 12 weeks of standardized wound management
- Advanced wound closure (CTP/ Autograft) for patients reaching WBP
- 3-month patient follow-up

### Collaborations:

Convatec, Coloplast, B. Braun, Medline

**Initiation:** H2 2026



## ENDPOINTS

### Primary:

Time to complete debridement

### Secondary:

Incidence of complete debridement

Incidence of complete healthy granulation tissue

Time to wound bed prepared

### Exploratory:

Incidence of complete wound closure

Time to complete wound closure

### Safety:

Safety & tolerability

Wound infection rates

# PU Investigator-Initiated Trial

## STUDY OBJECTIVES

Explore safety and efficacy of EscharEx in patients with PU



## STUDY DESIGN

A prospective, open label, single arm, single dose study in PU patients

**Sample size:** up to 10 patients with stage II PU with at least 50% non-viable tissue

**Treatment:** 5% EX-03

**Study design:**

- Up to 8 applications of 24 hrs. each, within 2 weeks
- 12-week follow-up with standardized wound management

**Initiation:** H2 2026



## ENDPOINTS

### Descriptive:

Incidence of complete debridement

Incidence of complete healthy granulation tissue

Time to complete debridement

Time to wound bed prepared

Change in wound area

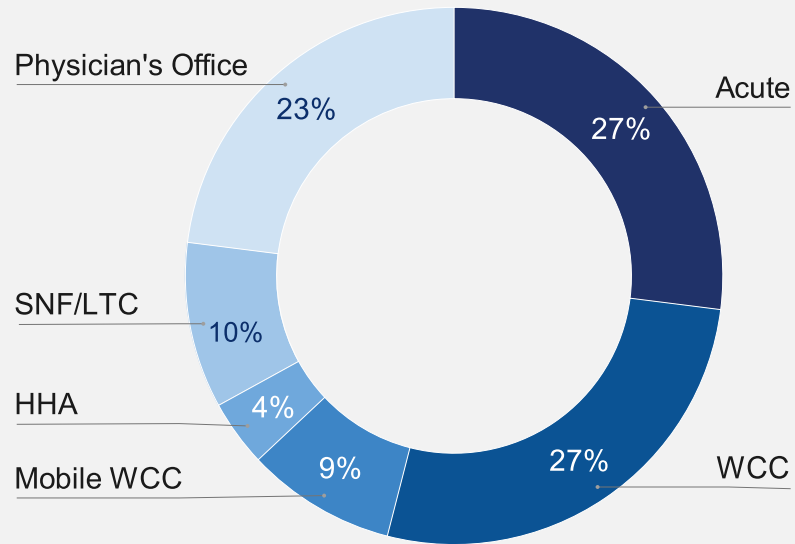
Incidence and time to complete wound closure

### Safety:

Safety & tolerability

# Primary Research: EscharEx<sup>®</sup> to Transform the Market

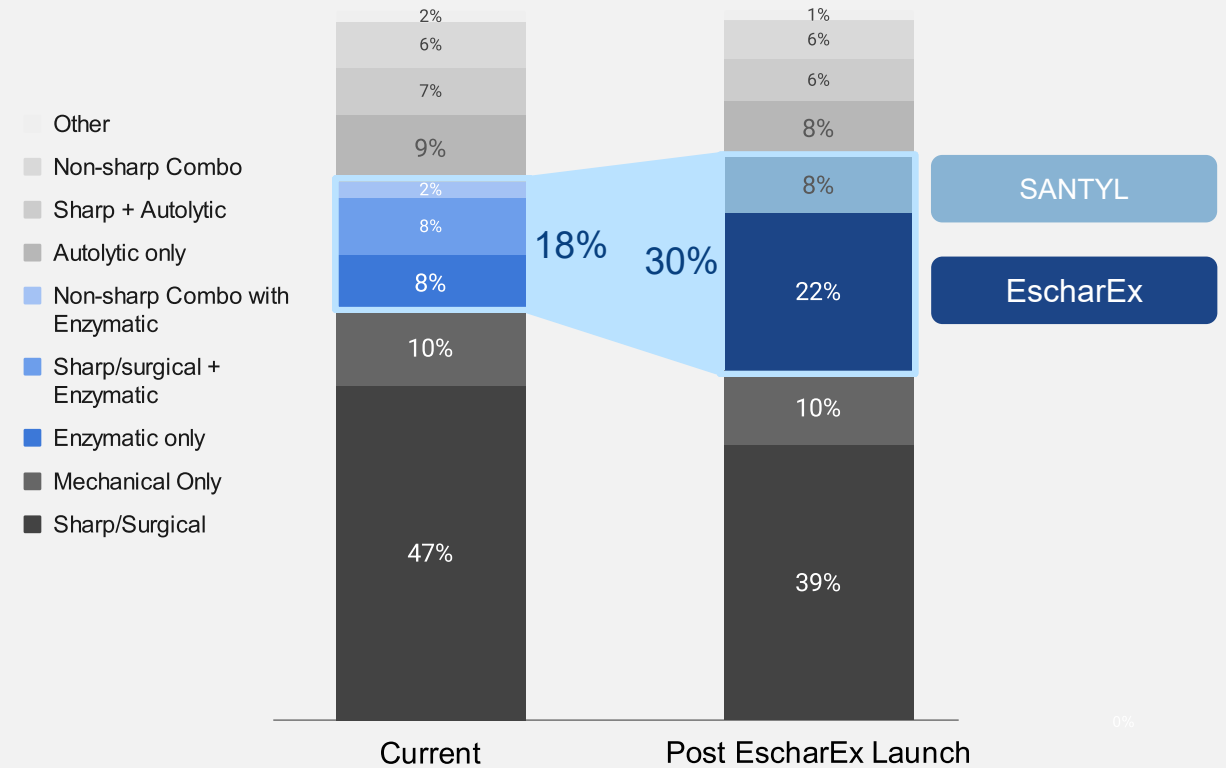
All care settings report strong drivers for adoption<sup>1</sup>



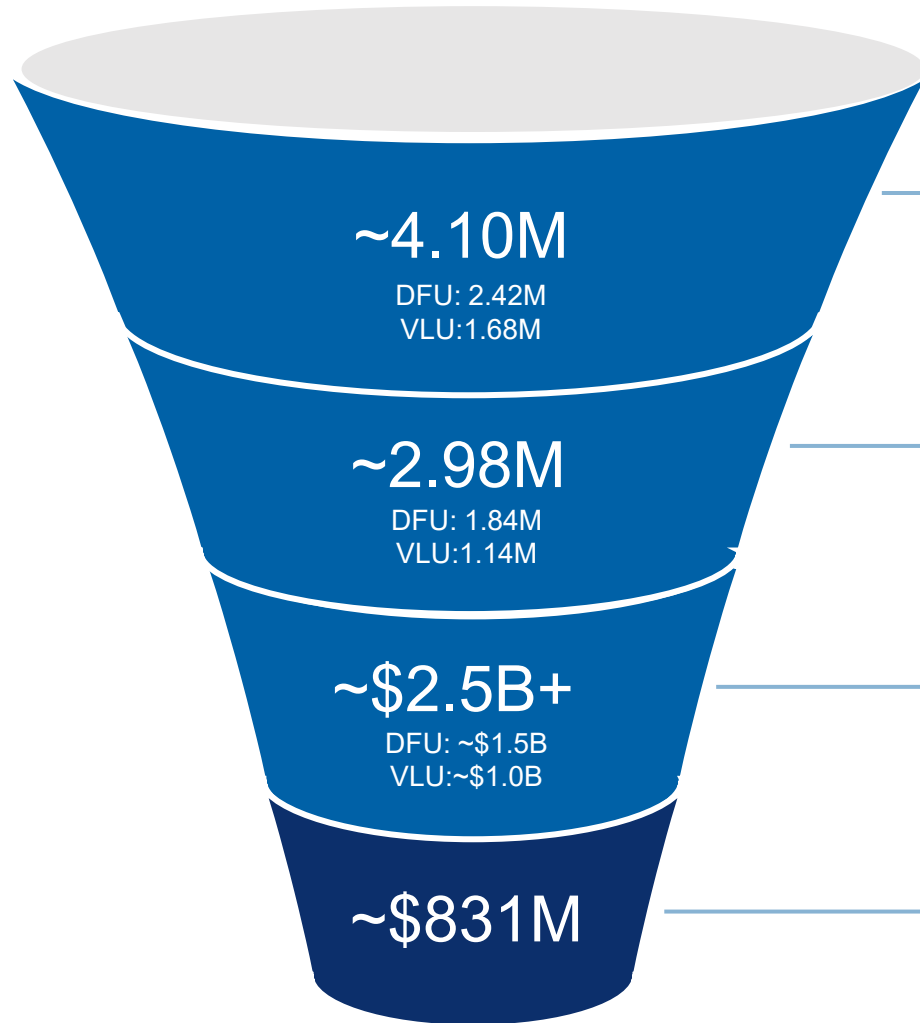
- Ease of use
- Reduced treatment duration
- Reduction readmission risk
- Accelerated wound healing
- Reimbursement maximization
- Accelerated debridement

SNF - Skilled nursing facilities  
 LTC - Long-term care  
 HHA - Home health agencies  
 WCC - Wound care centers

EscharEx draws share across all debridement modalities<sup>1,2</sup>



# \$831M Projected Peak Sales in \$2.5B+ TAM in U.S.



## DFU & VLU prevalence

Estimated 2028 total patient population 2.42M DFU and 1.68M VLU, (4.10M total)<sup>1</sup>

## DFU & VLU patients that require debridement

Percent of patients undergoing debridement quantified through survey and refined via qualitative interviews: 72% (76% of DFU, 68% of VLU)<sup>2</sup>

## Enzymatic debridement 2028 TAM

Based on average treatment cost of \$851 - \$1,100 per patient (base case and upside with HEOR findings), resulting in a TAM range of \$2.5B+<sup>3</sup>

## EscharEx projected peak sales

Peak projected revenue for EscharEx: \$831M, based on estimated 22.3% conversion rate across all current debridement techniques<sup>2,3</sup>

# Experienced Leadership Team



**Nachum (Homi) Shamir**  
Chairman



**Ofer Gonen**  
CEO



**Dr. Shmulik Hess**  
COO & CCO



**Dr. Ety Klinger**  
Chief Medical Officer



**Barry Wolfenson**  
EVP Strategy & Corp Dev.



**Hani Luxenburg**  
CFO



**Dr. Robert J. Snyder**  
SVP Global Medical Affairs



# Strategic Timeline

